

LEWIS & CLARK COLLEGE GRADUATE SCHOOL OF EDUCATION AND COUNSELING CPSY 504: INTRODUCTION TO FAMILY THERAPY SUMMER, 2013

Time & Day: Mondays, 1-4:30 pm Place: York Graduate Center 116 Instructor: Amy Kipp, M.Ed.

Office: Rogers Hall/ Office Hours: by appointment

Contact: akipp@lclark.edu

CATALOG DESCRIPTION

Overview of the fundamental assumptions and ideas of general systems theory and the basic premises of theoretical orientations within family therapy. Participants explore the application of course material to their work setting or training track. This course is not clinical in nature and is not designed to train or prepare participants to conduct family therapy.

COURSE DESCRIPTION

This course includes an overview of the foundational concepts and approaches in marriage, couple, and family therapy (MCFT). The course emphasizes history and trends in the field along with contemporary research and debates. Students will apply systems, social constructionist, and critical social thought to work within their chosen professional fields. A critical contextual understanding of how intersecting identities/social locations (e.g., race, class, gender, sexual orientation, abilities, nation of origin) and societal/global systems of privilege and oppression shape family well-being is emphasized throughout.

COURSE PURPOSE & OBJECTIVES

- 1. Learn the history of marital, couple, and family therapy; the primary professional state, national, and international associations; and the core competencies (as defined by AAMFT) required to practice family therapy.
- 2. Understand principles of theory construction and model building and how these influence the extent to which theories and models developed within particular cultural contexts are applicable for clients from contrasting cultural contexts.
- 3. Consider the dynamics of power and social location relative to developing, researching, and applying field knowledge and theory, with attention to how family therapy has the potential to contribute to social inequities and social control. Recognize issues of power and privilege relative to own and clients' social locations and how these influence therapy, problems and solving problems. (NASP 2.5)
- 4. Understand concepts and theories that are foundational to the practice of marriage, couple, and family therapy, as well as trends in the field. These include: first and second order cybernetics; patterns of interaction; Bowen's core systems concepts; Minuchin's structural approach; MRI

problem formation/principles of brief therapy; feminist critique of general systems theory; social constructionist/post-modern paradigm; and critical theory and family therapy.

- 5. Develop a beginning knowledge of marital, couple, and family life cycle dynamics, healthy family functioning, family structures and development in a multicultural society and world, with particular attention to how systems of power and privilege influence family life. (NASP 2.6 and 2.8).
- 6. Learn and practice several methods (e.g., sculpting, genograms, structural maps) for assessing family dynamics, family of origin/intergenerational influences, history, and cultural heritage to identify patterns, understand belief systems, and identify strengths/resilience.
- 7. Gain an understanding of couple and family healthy functioning and life cycle development across cultural contexts, life worlds, and family forms. And apply principles of family and couple life cycle development from culturally and contextually situated perspectives.
- 8. Practice skills in conceptualizing problems systemically, developing therapeutic alliance with multiple members of a system, and interviewing from a relational perspective (e.g., using relational questions, identifying verbal and nonverbal relational patterns, enacting communication between systems members
- 9. Explore, compare, and contrast in depth the theory and interventions associated with at least two major models of family therapy.
- 10. Develop understanding of Systems Theory and Communication Theory as they relate to MCFT through active knowledge and application of vocabulary and key concepts using practical examples.

PARTICIPATION IN THE LEARNING COMMUNITY

Students are required to attend and actively participate in all scheduled class meetings. This includes being on time, being prepared, following through on group projects, and otherwise engaging with colleagues as fellow professionals. Becoming a family therapist involves looking closely at ourselves, our values, beliefs, and biases. This can be a very personal, and sometimes emotional, process. Treating colleagues with respect, listening deeply to their experiences, and being open to diverse world views encourages a collaborative milieu of care in which we can all challenge ourselves and each other to critically examine and develop our skills and perspectives. In order to prepare for each class, students should carefully read and study all assigned materials to be ready to discuss, debate, and apply the content of readings. Class discussion and interaction with colleagues are fundamental to the process of learning to be a therapist and all sessions include necessary information. Therefore, if you must miss a class, fellow students and the instructor may ask you to contribute to the learning community in another way. For example, you may be asked to write a brief summary about, and personal reactions to, the required readings and/or provide abstracts from additional related readings for course participants. According to the Lewis & Clark Counseling Psychology attendance policy, missed class periods may result in lowered final grades and students who miss two class periods may be failed.

NON-DISCRIMINATION POLICY/SPECIAL ASSISTANCE

Lewis & Clark College adheres to a nondiscriminatory policy with respect to employment, enrollment, and program. The College does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, creed, religion, sex, national origin, age, handicap or disability, sexual orientation, or marital status and has a firm commitment to promote the letter and spirit of all equal opportunity and civil rights laws.

If you need course adaptations or accommodations because of a disability and/or you have emergency medical information to share please make an appointment with the instructor as soon as possible.

ABSENCES

Please notify professor. Missing any class time results in an additional class assignment at the discretion of the professor. It is the student's responsibility to contact the professor to discuss the make-up work. Missing more than two classes may result in failure to complete class, (any exceptional circumstances may be considered by the instructor).

CONFIDENTIALITY

Because of the nature of classroom work and group dynamics it is expected that "personal" information shared by students will be kept in confidence. Students are not required to share personal information as part of the classroom dynamics, or as a requirement for any evaluation or for grading purposes. Students are asked to be intentional about what they choose to share with other students in the class during classroom-activities.

LAPTOPS AND CELL PHONES

Due to the experiential nature of the class laptops may be used only when designated by the instructor. Cell phones must be silenced and text messaging is not allowed during class time. If there is an emergency you may exit the class to use your cell. Please be prepared to take hand written notes. If an alternate learning ability requires the use of a laptop please let the instructor know at the beginning of the semester.

ASSIGNMENTS

*I will not accept late assignments without prior agreement

1) Major Paper

Choose two approaches in family therapy to compare and contrast. You should include at least 5 additional references on each model beyond the course readings. Use headings to answer the following questions:

Model formation: From which social context(s) did each model emerge? How do you think their relative contexts of origin influence their core assumptions? Who were/are the primary contributors? What is the social location of the contributors? What are the implications of social context on family life?

Model mechanics: What are the underlying assumptions about problems and solutions?

What are the core concepts of each model?

What are the major interventions of each?

How are goals set, and what are expected therapeutic outcomes?

How has each model evolved over time to its contemporary form?

What evidence-based or other types of research has been completed for each model? (at least 3 references)

Compare and contrast the following:

How does each model approach racial, cultural, gender, sexual orientation, class, nation of origin and other differences? Power? Social equity?

What are some of the comparative strengths and limitations of each approach?

Discuss how you would apply concepts from each model into your specific setting (schools, nonprofit organizations, community mental health settings, etc.)

Note: School psychology students must discuss the application of family therapy models in the school or school consultation context.

Papers should be professionally written, 10-15 pages in length, double spaced, 12pt font, organized into sections with appropriate headings, and referenced according to APA 6th Edition guidelines. Please contact Lewis & Clark Writing Center for APA assistance.

Thorough consideration of all areas of the paper = 20 points
Clarity and organization of ideas = 5 points
Use of extensive literature = 20 points
Writing and referencing according to APA 6th Ed. = 5 points
Total 50 points

2) Contextual Genogram

You will be asked to complete an analysis of your extended and intergenerational family relationships by completing a genogram which includes family relationships, trends across generations, cultural influences (e.g., socio-political, historical events; ethnic group values, beliefs, traditions and experiences; national and regional contexts), and social locations and experiences relative to intersecting identities (e.g., race/racism, class/classism, gender/sexism, sexual orientation/heterosexism & homophobia, immigration/anti-immigration sentiment, abilities/ableism). Specific instructions for completing the assignment will be given in class.

This assignment is worth 20 points.

3) Reaction papers

MCFT, Community Mental Health, Addiction Treatment

Each student will complete two, 3-4 page reaction papers.

Reaction # 1

New field experience: (e.g., visit to the court, an AA meeting, Children's Services). This paper should include 1) a brief description of the setting and/or case, 2) patterns of interaction that you identified during your observation 3) how you think the social location (e.g., race, class, social position, gender, nation of origin) of those involved shaped the interaction, and 4) a description of your own reactions and biases.

Reaction #2

Reading summary based on the *original writing* of one of the *founders* of family therapy (e.g., Bateson, Bowen, Weakland, Fische, Watzlawick, Haley, Minuchin, Satir). You may read as little as one article or chapter or as much of the theorists work as you would like to. This paper should summarize what you read and include your personal reactions to the ideas presented.

You may turn in either paper first and each is worth 10 points = 20 points in total.

School Psychology

Each student will complete two, 3-4 page reaction papers.

Reaction #1

New **school-based** field experience: (e.g., IEP). This paper should include 1) a brief description of the setting and/or case, 2) patterns of interaction that you identified during your observation 3) how you think the social location (e.g., race, class, social position, gender, nation of origin) of those involved shaped the interaction, and 4) a description of your own reactions and biases.

Reaction #2

Reading summary. Choose one of the four assigned readings that specifically address school-based treatment to reflect on. This paper should summarize what you read and include your personal reactions to the ideas presented.

You may turn in either paper first and each is worth 10 points = 20 points in total.

Active participation:

Each week you may be asked to prepare something for next class that demonstrates your reading understanding such as reading summary, leading a discussion, etc. In class work will be included in participation points. 10 points total.

Practice and conceptual skills:

Each week class participants will focus on a primary concept and/or practice a core relational work skill that can be applied in multiple work contexts.

GRADING

$$\overline{93-100} = A$$
 83-87 = B 73-77 = C
90-92 = A- 80-82 = B- 70-72 = C-
88-89 = B+ 78-79 = C+

"A" grades will be reserved for particularly outstanding work. Grades on the border may be determined by attendance and demonstration of completing readings prior to each class session.

TEXT

Required:

Gehart, D. (2010). Mastering competencies in family therapy: A practical approach to theory and clinical case documentation. Belmont, CA: Brooks/Cole.

Luepnitz, D. A. (1988). *The family interpreted*. New York: Basic Books.

Watzlawick, P., Beavin, J. & Jackson, D. (1967). *Pragmatics of human communication: A study of interactional patterns, pathologies, and paradoxes.* New York: W.W. Norton & Company.

Additional Readings per Course Schedule Below: Most readings can be found full text on-line through the Lewis & Clark library. Methods for obtaining copies of book chapters and other readings not available on-line will be discussed in class.

Optional:

McGoldrick, M., Gerson, R. & Petry, S. (2008). *Genograms: Assessment and intervention* (3rd ed). New York: Norton.

COURSE SCHEDULE

Week 1 – May 6: Introduction and History of MCFT

Readings:

Luepnitz Chapters 1 & 10

Conceptual Skills:

Systems theory

Week 2 – May 13: Competency in Family Therapy

Readings:

Gehart Chapter

In class group assignment: When, where, who, how: Mapping of FT authors.

Week 3 – May 20: General System Theory

Readings:

Gehart Chapters 8 & 9

Pragmatics Chapter 4

Luepnitz Chapter 11

Conceptual Skills:

Systems theory

First & second order cybernetics

Circular causality

Feedback loops

*Due: Either of two reaction papers

Memorial Day – May 27: Enjoy your break!

Week 4 – June 3: Communication Theory

Readings:

Pragmatics Chapters 1,2,3 & 5

Week 5 – June 10: Integrating Systems & Communication Theory into Practice

Readings:

Gehart Chapter 3

Pragmatics Chapter 7

Week 6 – June 17: Intergenerational- McGoldrick, Bowen

Readings:

Gehart Chapter 12

Luepnitz Chapter 3

Foster, M., Jurkovic, G.J., Ferdinand, L., & Meadows, L. A. (2002). The impact of the genogram on couples: A manualized approach. *The Family Journal: Counseling and Therapy for Couples and Families*, 10, 34-40.

Alvarez, H.K. (2008). Applying family systems therapy in schools. In R. Christner, R. Mennuti (Eds.) School-based mental health: A practitioner's guide to comparative practices (pp. 251-271). Hoboken, NJ: Routledge.

Christner, R. W., Mennuti, R. B., & Whitaker, J. S. (2008). An overview of school-based mental health practice: From systems service to crisis intervention. In R. Christner, R. Mennuti (Eds.) *School-based mental health: A practitioner's guide to comparative practices* (pp. 251-271). Hoboken, NJ: Routledge.

Knudson-Martin, C., & Mahoney, A. (2005). Moving beyond gender: Processes that create relationship equity. Journal of Marital and Family Therapy, 31(2), 235-46.

Practice skills: Completing a genogram

*Due: Either of two reaction papers

Week 7 – June 24: Structural Family Therapy

Readings:

Gehart Chapter 10

Luepnitz Chapter 5

Santisteban, D.A. & Maite, P.M. (2009). Culturally informed and flexible family-based treatment for adolescents: A tailored and integrative treatment for Hispanic youth, *Family Process*, 48, 253-268.

Practice & conceptual skills: Structural mapping

WEEK 8 – July 1: Experiential Family Therapy

Readings:

Gehart Chapter 11

Luepnitz Chapter 4 & 8

Vatcher, C.A. & Bogo, M. (2001). The feminist/emotionally focused therapy practice model: An integrated approach for couple therapy. *Journal of Marital and Family Therapy*, 27, 69-83.

Practice skills: Sculpting

WEEK 9 – July 8: Solution-Oriented Family Therapy

Readings:

Gehart Chapter 14

Burwell, R., & Chen, Ch. P. (2006). Applying the principles and techniques of solution focused therapy to career counseling. *Counseling Psychology Quarterly*, 19(2),189-203.

Dorries, D. B. & Foster, V. A. (2001). Family counselors as School Consultants: Where are the solutions? *The Family Journal*, *9*, 391-397.

Kelly, M. S. & Bluestone-Miller, R. (2009). Working on what works (WOWW): Coaching teachers to do more of what's working. *Children & Schools*, *31*, 35-38.

Practice skill: Finding solutions

WEEK 10 – July 15: Narrative Family Therapy

Readings:

Gehart Chapter 15

Shalif, Y. (2005). Creating Care-Full listening conversations between members of conflicting groups in Israel: Narrative means to transformative listening. *Journal of Systemic Therapies*, 24(1), 35-52.

Keeling, M., & Nielson, R. (2005). Indian women's experience of a narrative intervention using art and writing. *Contemporary Family Therapy*, 27(3), 435-452.

Practice skills: Using letters in therapy

*Due: Contextual Genogram

WEEK 11 – July 22: Cognitive Behavioral Family Therapy

Readings:

Gehart Chapter 13

Christner, R., Mennuti, R. & Pearson, L. (2008). Cognitive behavioral therapy in school settings. In R. Christner, R. Mennuti (Eds.) School-based mental health: A practitioner's guide to comparative practices (pp. 181-200). Hoboken, NJ: Routledge.

WEEK 12 – July 29: Decolonial Family Therapy: Just Therapy and CCM

Readings:

Akinyela, M. (2005). Testimony of hope: African centered praxis for therapeutic ends. *Journal of Systemic Therapies*, 24(1), 5-18.

Boyes-Watson, C. (2005). Seeds of change: Using peacemaking circles to build a village for every child. *Child Welfare Journal*, 84(2), 191-208.

Hernandez, P., Almeida, R., & Dolan-Del Vecchino, K. (2005). Critical consciousness, accountability & empowerment: Key processes for helping families heal. *Family Process*, 44, 105-115.

Waldegrave, C. (2005). "Just therapy" with families on low income. *Child Welfare League of America, March/April*, 265-276.

WEEK 13 – August 5: Review

Readings:

TBD

Conceptual Skills:

Understanding culture and power as shaping experience

Due: Final Paper

• The attached Course Objective Evaluation Sheet will be filled out and turned in at the end of the semester.

COURSE OBJECTIVES-MCFT CORE COMPETENCIES EVALUATION SHEET Upon Completion of the Lewis & Clark CPSY 504: Introduction to Family Therapy

TERM:	INSTRUCTOR: _				
Please rate each item according to how much you learned about the competency listed. Circle: 1=objective not met 2= objective somewhat met 3=mostly met 4= objective adequately met					
	f marital, couple, and fam core competencies (as def TTE PM, KS 02).				
(1	2	3	4	
2. Understand principles of theory construction and model building and how these influence the extent to which theories and models developed within particular cultural contexts are applicable for clients from contrasting cultural contexts. (NASP 2.8) (COAMFTE: PM)					
	1	2	3	4	
3. Consider the dynamics of power and social location relative to developing, researching, and applying field knowledge and theory, with attention to how family therapy has the potential to contribute to social inequities and social control. Recognize issues of power and privilege relative to own and clients' social locations and how these influence therapy, problems and solving problems (CACREP II.K.2.a, II.K.2.c) (NASP 2.5) (COAMFTE PM). 1 2 3 4					
4. Understand concepts and theories that are foundational to the practice of marriage, couple, and family therapy, as well as trends in the field. These include: first and second order cybernetics; patterns of interaction; Bowen's core systems concepts; Minuchin's structural approach; MRI problem formation/principles of brief therapy; feminist critique of general systems theory; social constructionist/post modern paradigm; and critical theory and family therapy (CACREP II.K.5.c, II.K.5.d) (COAMFTE CC 1.1.1, KS 01,05,06).					
II.K.3.u) (COAMI-TI	1	. 2	3	4	
structures and develo	ng knowledge of marital, pment in a multicultural s mily life (CACREP II.K.:	society and wo	rld, with particular	attention to how systems	
of origin/intergenerat	several methods (e.g., scrional influences, history, ilience (NASP 2.4) (COA	and cultural he	eritage to identify pa	atterns, understand belief	
worlds, and family fo	ling of couple and family rms. And apply principles perspectives (CACREP: 1	s of family and	l couple life cycle d	levelopment from cultura	ally and
8. Practice skills in conceptualizing problems systemically, developing therapeutic alliance with multiple members of a system, and interviewing from a relational perspective (e.g., using relational questions, identifying verbal and nonverbal relational patterns, enacting communication between systems members). (CACREP C7) (NASP 2.2) (COAMFTE CC 1.3.6, 4.3.5, TS 1.01).					
1.3.0, 4.3.3, 15 1.01)	1	2	3	4	
9a. Explore, compare family therapy (CAC	, and contrast in depth the REP C7).				or models of
Or if you are in School	l ol Psychology	2	3	4	
	trast two models of famil	y therapy and l	now those theories	could be used within scho	ool systems and
merease nome-school	1 COMADOFACION.	2	3	4	